

# Great Lakes Provisions in the FY 2026 Appropriations Bills

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As of January 20<sup>th</sup>, 2026, the House and Senate have come to an agreement on all 12 FY 26 appropriations bills.

The bills largely reject cuts proposed by the Trump administration. They would fund NOAA at \$6.56 billion, down from \$6.7 billion in FY2025, but up from the proposed \$4.5 billion in the President's budget. NOAA's National Ocean Service would be funded at \$677 million, a slight increase over FY 25 levels, and vastly more than the \$434 million requested in the President's Budget. NOAA's Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, which the President's Budget would have eliminated, would be funded at \$589 million, \$60 million below FY 25 levels, because of the transfer of certain weather programs to the National Weather Service.

The Interior-Environment bill would fund the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative at \$369 million, \$1 million above the enacted level. The Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds would be funded at FY 25 levels, and categorical grants that would have been eliminated under the President's Budget are restored in the bill.

Other bills include \$25 million for a Great Lakes Icebreaker and \$103.33 million for MARAD's Port Infrastructure Development Program. The Great Lakes Fishery Commission would receive \$52.4 million, up from \$50 million in FY 25.

The Northeast-Midwest Institute prepared this Great Lakes summary based on the joint explanatory statement of the bills.

### **Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies**

Program	FY 25 Enacted	FY 26 Budget Request	FY 26 House Bill	FY 26 Senate Bill	FY 26 Minibus	Notes
NOAA's Ocean Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	\$39.5 million	\$0	\$40 million	\$39.5 million	\$40 million	This NOAA account includes funding for the Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL).
Coastal Zone Management Grants	\$81.5 million	\$0	\$81.5 million	\$81.5 million	\$81.5 million	
National Sea Grant College Program	\$80 million	\$0	\$80 million	\$80 million	\$80 million	

Sea Grant Aquaculture Research	\$14 million	\$0	\$14 million	\$14 million	\$14 million	
IOOS Regional Observations	\$42.5 million	\$0	\$56 million	\$43.5 million	\$47.5 million	This NOAA account includes funding for the Great Lakes Observing System (GLOS)
Sanctuaries and Marine Protected Areas	\$67 million	\$40 million	\$67 million	\$68 million	\$67 million	
Harmful Algal Blooms (Competitive Research)	\$14 million	\$0	See note*	\$14 million	See note*	
Regional Climate and Data Information	\$47.9 million	\$0	\$47.9 million	\$47.9 million	\$48.9 million	This NOAA account includes funding for GLISA

\*The minibus provides \$20 million for the Competitive Research account, identical to the Senate number. It is reasonable to assume that this includes \$14 million for HABs, but it is not explicitly delineated in the explanatory report as it is in the Senate version.

### **Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies**

Program	FY 24 Enacted	FY 26 Request	FY 26 Minibus
Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal Dispersal Barriers, IL	\$13.75 million	\$12.98 million*	\$12.98 million*
Sault Sainte Marie (New Soo Lock), MI	\$257.4 million	\$176.6 million	\$176.6 million
Great Lakes Coastal Resiliency Study	\$3 million	\$3 million**	\$3 million**
Great Lakes Authority	\$5 million	\$5 million	\$5 million

\*Report language: “No funds recommended in this act may be used for construction of hydrologic separation measures,” which would separate the Great Lakes from the Mississippi River Basin

\*\*The bill “requires the Chicago Shoreline to be a focus area of the Great Lakes Coastal Resiliency Study.”

### **Additional Items of Interest:**

### *Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS)*

With regard to the Tennessee River and Cumberland River invasive carp demonstration projects authorized in Section 509 of WRDA 2020, the report instructs the Army Corps to “coordinate project partnership agreements concurrent with program development to ensure barriers can be deployed as soon as practicable. The Corps is further directed to finalize the program management plan and begin assessing demonstration projects, including appropriate deterrent systems at Kentucky Lock.”

**Brandon Road:** The report instructs the Corps to continue to work with various partners to evaluate and identify carp deterrents for use at Brandon Road, and brief Congress on those deterrents.

**Regional Sediment Management:** The bill would provide \$2 million “to develop sediment transport models for Great Lakes tributaries.”

### *Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs)*

The bill directs \$2.5 million from the Aquatic Nuisance Control Research account to “supplement activities related to Harmful Algal Blooms,” with a focus on freshwater ecosystems. Additionally, the bill would provide \$2.5 million to “develop next generation ecological models,” and another \$2.5 million for the Harmful Algal Bloom demonstration program. All three items are below FY 24 levels.

## **Homeland Security**

The bill includes \$25 million for a Great Lakes icebreaker and requires the U.S. Coast Guard to brief Congress on the progress of the icebreaker within 180 days.

## **Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies**

### ***Environmental Protection Agency***

Program	FY 24 Enacted	FY 26 Request	FY 26 House Bill	FY 26 Senate Bill	FY 26 Minibus	Notes
Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (GLRI)	\$368 million	\$368 million	\$368 million	\$368 million	\$369 million	The bill would fund the GLRI Distinct Tribal Program at \$16.5 million, \$500,000 more than in FY25.
Clean Water State Revolving Fund	\$1.639 billion	\$155 million	1.208 billion	\$1.639 billion	\$1.639 billion	The bill would direct \$892.8 million (up from \$787.7 million in FY 24) of this funding

						to Congressionally Directed Spending grants.
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	\$1.126 billion	\$150 million	\$894.7 million	\$1.126 billion	\$1.126 billion	The bill would direct \$715.4 million (up from \$631.7 million in FY 24) of this funding to Congressionally Directed Spending grants.
WIFIA	\$72.27 million	\$8 million	\$72.27 million	\$64.5 million	\$72.27 million	

#### *State and Tribal Assistance Grants*

Program	FY 24 Enacted	FY 26 Request	FY 26 House Bill	FY 26 Senate Bill	FY 26 Minibus
<i>Infrastructure Assistance Grants</i>					
Reducing Lead in Drinking Water	\$22 million	\$20 million	\$22 million	\$32 million	\$22 million
Drinking Water Infrastructure Resilience and Sustainability	\$6.5 million	\$6.5 million	\$6.5 million	\$6.5 million	\$6.5 million
Technical Assistance for Wastewater Treatment Works	\$25.5 million	\$10 million	\$26 million	\$25.5 million	\$25.5 million
Sewer Overflow and Stormwater Reuse Grants	\$41 million	\$41 million	\$44 million	\$39 million	\$41 million
Water Infrastructure Workforce Investment	\$5.4 million	\$6 million	\$5 million	\$5.4 million	\$5.4 million
Brownfields Projects	\$98 million	\$80 million	\$84.7 million	\$98 million	\$98 million
<i>Categorical Grants</i>					
BEACH Grants	\$9.75 million	\$0	\$9.8 million	\$9.75 million	\$9.75 million
Brownfields Protection	\$46.25 million	\$0	\$42.25 million	\$46.25 million	\$46.25 million
Nonpoint Source (Sec. 319)	\$174.5 million	\$0	\$174.5 million	\$174.5 million	\$175.25 million

Pollution Control (Sec. 106)	\$225.7 million	\$0	\$225.7 million	\$225.7 million	\$226.4 million
Public water system supervision	\$116 million	\$0	\$115 million	\$116 million	\$116.7 million*

\*Of the total, \$12 million is to address PFAS and other contaminants of emerging concern

*Additional Items of Interest*

*Lake Champlain*

The bill includes \$25.5 million to the Lake Champlain Program, \$500,000 more than in FY 25, to be used on phosphorus pollution, among other issues.

*Office of Research and Development*

In response to the administration's plans to close the Office of Research and Development, the report reads: "The Committees expect that the Agency's mission and all statutory obligations will continue, and that any current or future budgetary requests related to such actions are subject to and contingent upon compliance with applicable reprogramming and notification requirements."

***Department of Interior***

Program	FY 25 Enacted	FY 26 House Bill	FY 26 Senate Bill	FY 26 Minibus
<i>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service</i>				
Invasive Carp Programs	\$31 million	\$22 million	\$28 million	\$31 million*
<i>U.S. Geological Survey</i>				
Great Lakes Science Center	\$15 million	\$15 million	\$15 million	\$15 million
National Cooperative Geologic Mapping Program**	\$43.5 million	\$43.5 million	\$43.5 million	\$43.5 million
Invasive Carp Research	\$11 million	\$11 million	\$11 million	\$11 million

\*This amount includes \$4 million for contract fishing

\*\*This USGS account includes the Great Lakes Mapping Coalition.

*Additional Items of Interest*

*U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)*

*National Water Quality Program*

The bill includes \$94.5 million for the National Water Quality program, down from \$96 million in FY 25, \$7.49 million of which is to address harmful algal blooms.

#### *PFAS*

The bill includes \$9 million for PFAS research that supports farmers, ranchers, and rural communities.

### **State, Foreign Operations, and Related Agencies**

Program	FY 24 Funding	FY 26 Request	FY 26 Funding	Notes
Great Lakes Fishery Commission (GLFC)	\$50 million	\$39 million	\$52.4 million	This includes \$10 million for Lake Champlain and Lake Memphremagog Basins and \$1 million for grass carp.
International Joint Commission (IJC)	\$10.88 million	\$10.88 million	\$10.88 million	

### **Transportation, Housing and Urban Development**

Program	FY 24 Funding	FY 26 Request	FY 26 Funding	Notes
Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation (GLS)	\$40.29 million	\$41 million	\$38.08 million	\$15.95 million would be provided for the seaway infrastructure program.
MARAD's Port Infrastructure Development Program	\$120.460 million	\$550 million	\$103.33 million*	\$64.7 million of this total is for Community Project Funding.

\* The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law appropriated \$450 million for the PIDP per year from FY 2022 – FY 2026, so were this funding level to be enacted, total appropriations for the program would fall from \$570.46 million in FY 25 to \$553.33 in FY 26.

#### *Great Lakes Corridor*

The bill requests a briefing "on the feasibility of expanding passenger rail service in the Great Lakes region. The briefing should include infrastructure requirements, station and facility needs, and regulatory considerations related to cross-border operations and any barriers to such expansion."